The ICD Project

- Purpose & Location within the DØ Detector
- History: Run 1 vs 2
- Construction & Installation

Lots of Pictures!

- Current Status
 - ➤ Timing, ADC-GeV Conversion, Calibration, Monte Carlo, High Voltage, Documentation, Shift Work, Maintenance & Repair

Alan L. Stone

Louisiana Tech University





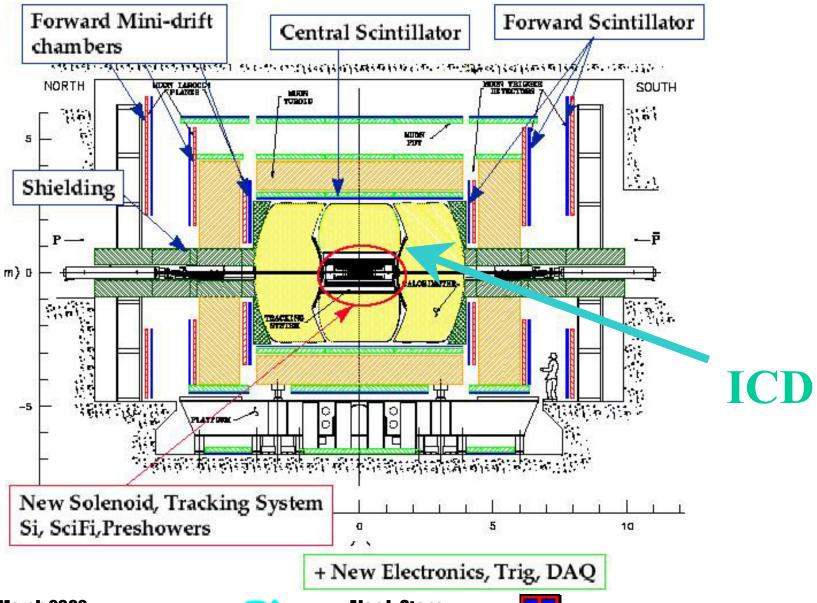
Purpose of ICD

- Enhances the hermeticity and uniformity of the Calorimeter System
 - > Rapidly changing material profile & extra "dead" material between the Central & Endcap Calorimeters
 - > ICD provides additional sampling in the ICR
- Improves \(\mathbb{E}_T \) calculation & Jet Energy Resolution
 - \triangleright Crucial role in coverage of 1.1 < $|\eta|$ < 1.4
 - ➤ Reduce rate of fake **E**_T
- Commissioning of Calorimeter Readout
 - ICD channels "sample" most of the calorimeter readout system - find problems in timing, BLS cards, SCAs, etc.





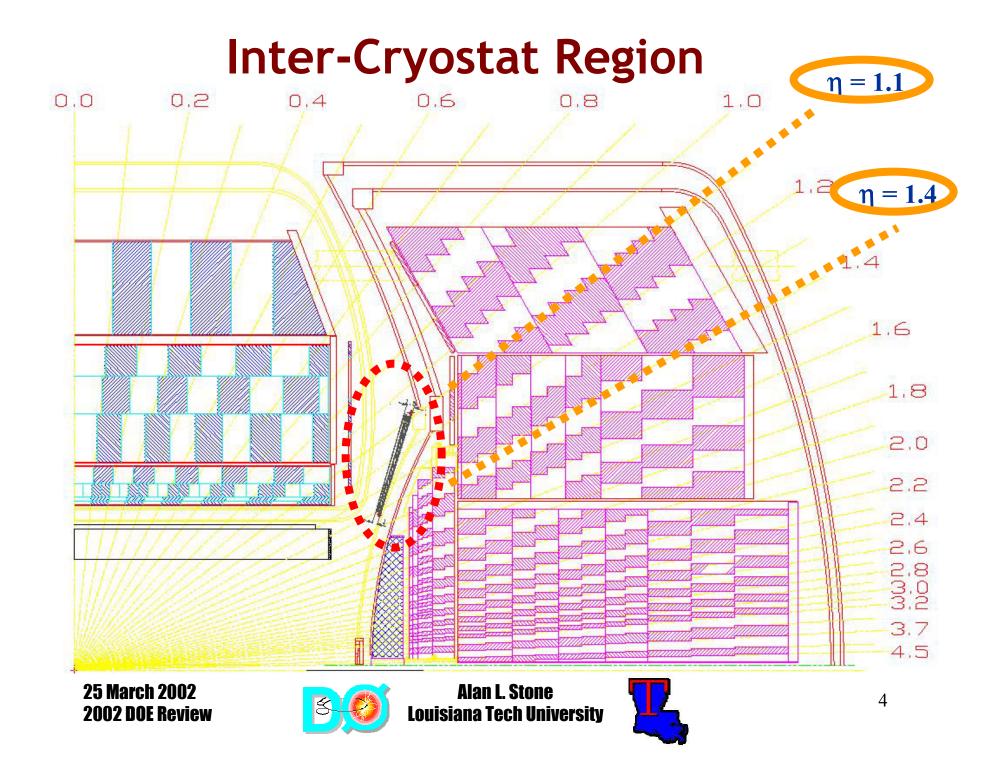
DØ Detector



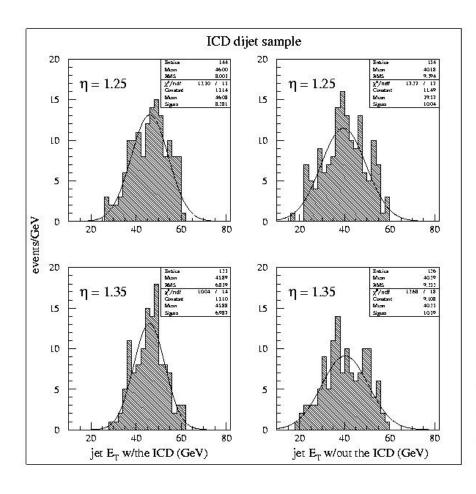
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Jet Energy Resolution in ICD Region



•Two jet events (Run 1)

- ➤ 1 trigger object in Central Calorimeter - 54<E_T<62 GeV</p>
- Other jet in ICD regiono balances central jet E_⊤

JET ENERGY RESOLUTION VARIATION WITH THE ADDITION OF THE ICD

| Eta Bin | with ICD | without ICD | Δ% | Δ% (TB data) |
|---------|----------|-------------|-------|--------------|
| 0.85 | 108.8% | 115.5% | +6.7 | +11.8 |
| 0.95 | 94.4% | 103.9% | +9.5 | +19.6 |
| 1.05 | 113.5% | 120.0% | +6.5 | +9.7 |
| 1.15 | 109.7% | 123.9% | +14.2 | +21.1 |
| 1.25 | 118.9% | 144.0% | +25.1 | +74.3 |
| 1.35 | 101.5% | 146.0% | +44.5 | +115.2 |

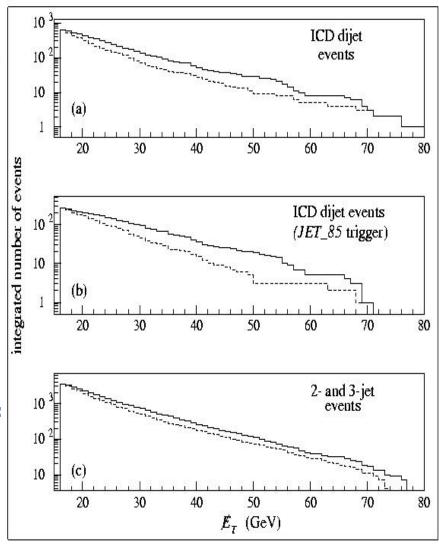




Impact on Missing ET

- ■Effect of measuring E_T
 - Modify sampling weights for massless gap to best compensate for absence of ICD
- a) Dijets events (previous slide)
- •b) + central jet E_T>85 GeV
- •c) No ICD condition
 - ➤ Little intrinsic T what is measured is presumably due to detector effects = "fake"
- ■An increase in fake E_T is seen in all plots - even when jets are not specifically confined to regions of the calorimeter with ICD coverage.

Integrated number of events as a function of missing E_T with ICD (dashed) & without ICD (solid).



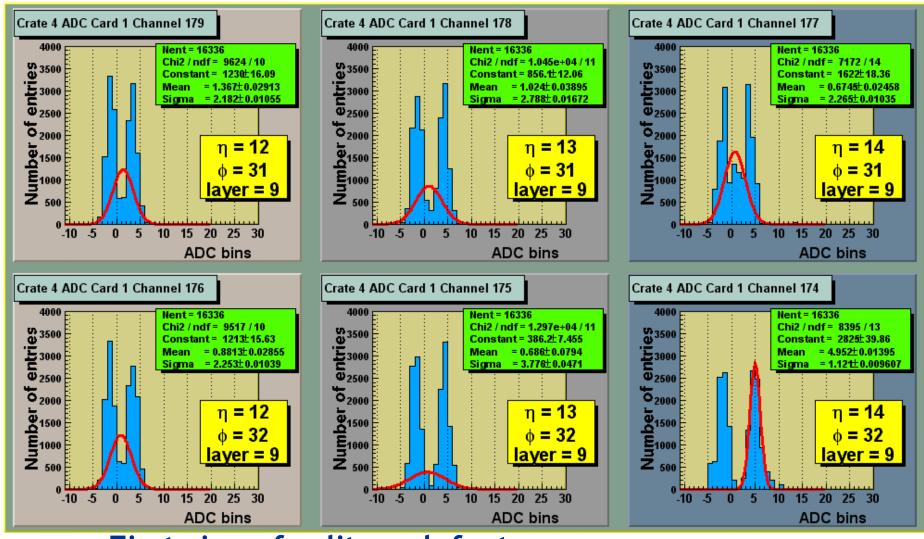




Calorimeter Commissioning

Zero-bias Data

ICD is always in layer 9 of Calorimeter



First sign of split-peak feature ...

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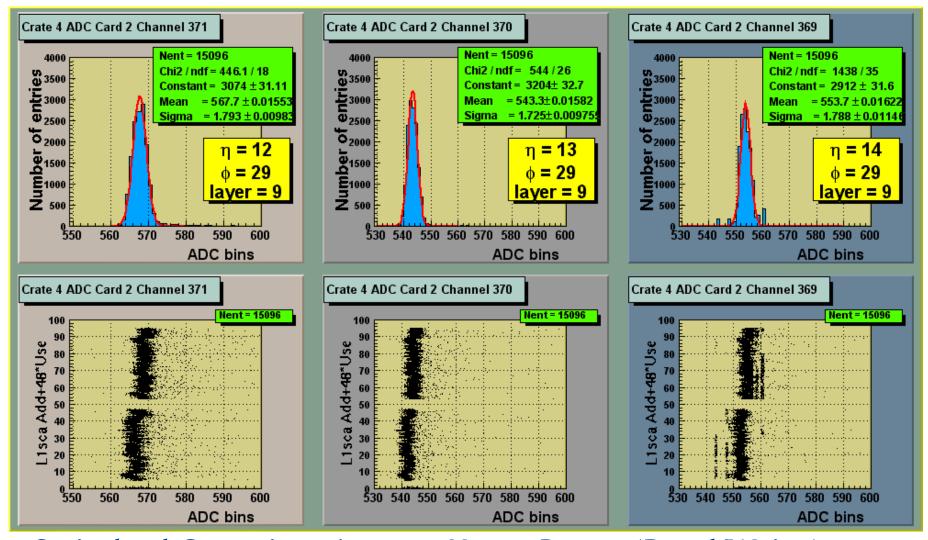




Calorimeter Commissioning

Zero-bias Data

ICD channels with normal SCA behavior



Switched Capacitor Arrays: Up or Down (Read/Write)

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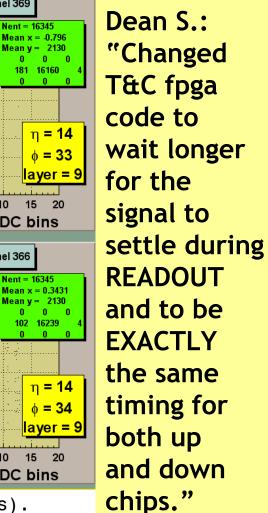


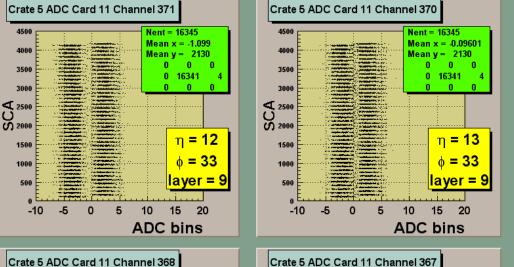


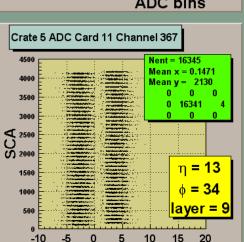
Calorimeter Commissioning

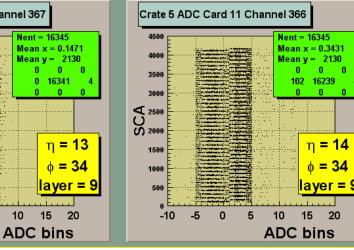
Up/Down Difference Found in 1/3rd Cal Channels!











Crate 5 ADC Card 11 Channel 369

₹ 2500

奶 2000

Nent = 16345

ADC bins

181 16160

- Replaced "VERY Slow" SCA chips (about 1% of the "good" SCAs).
- Added caps to make SCA chip ref Voltages less susceptible to other MB signals.

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10

ADC bins

₹ 2500

仍 2000

Nent = 16345

Mean x = -0.1975

0 16341

n = 12

 $\phi = 34$

aver = 9

15 20





History of ICD: Run 1 vs Run 2



<u>UTA</u> Andy White (prof), Lee Sawyer (postdoc)

Run 2

UTA
Andy White
Kaushik De
Mark Sosebee
et al.

- Reuse & Recycle: Cost factor behind redesign
 - ➤ Hamamatsu PMTs → 10+ years old by Run 2 (past spec)
 - ➤ Signal cables → 26-line twist & flat
 o Cal. BLS merge end fixed cannot reconnectorize
 - > High voltage crates
- Shielding from magnetic field due to solenoid
 - PMTs cannot operate in kiloGauss plus field
 o Position PMTs to region of reduced field (100-300 Gauss)
- Fiber tracker & SMT cabling
 - > Reduced η coverage of ICD use more forward region
- Complete redesign of readout electronics
 - > Compatibility with Calorimeter BLS system
 - > Conform to range of digitizing electronics (ADC)
 - Modular design of electronics drawers
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 Louisiana Tech University



Louisiana Tech

Lee Sawyer
Dick Greenwood
Kathleen Johnston
Alan Stone
Prabir Roy
Ben Williams
Qun Yu
Karen Petrosyan

D0 Run 2 Upgrade

The D0 Upgrade - Tracking

- Silicon Tracker
 - Four layer barrels (double/single sided)
 - Interspersed double sided disks
 - ♦ 840,00 channels
- Fiber Tracker
 - Eight layers sci-fi ribbon doublets (z-u-v, or z
 - ◆ 74,000 830um fibers w/ VLPC readout

•<u>Central</u> <u>Preshower</u>

- ◆Scintillator strips, WLS fiber readout
- ♦6,000 channels
- Solenoid
 - ◆2T superconducting
- •<u>Forward</u> Preshower
- ◆Scintillator strips, stereo,
 - ♦16,000 channels

WLS readout

- Inner Tracking & 2TSuperconducting Solenoid
 - **≻Silicon Micro-Tracker**
 - >Central Fiber Tracker
- Preshowers
- Pipelined 3-Level Trigger
- Faster Calorimeter Electronics
- Muon detector with better μ-ID
- Modifed ICD

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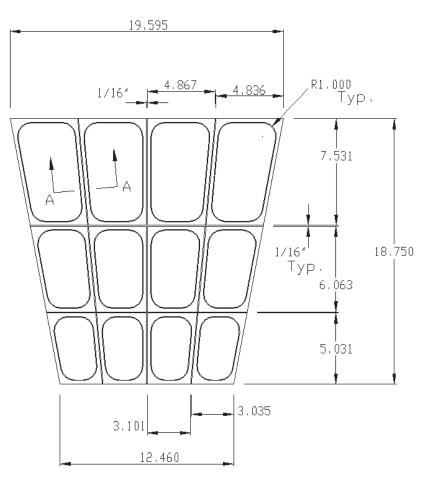


cryostat



Inter-Cryostat Detector

- 16 modules on each EC face
 - >.5 in. type Bicron BC400 PVT
 - > att. length (250 cm) >> tile (20 cm)
 - > emission spectrum peak at 423 nm
- 12 Scintillating tiles/module
 - $\rho = 0.1 \times 0.1$ o ieta = 12,13,14 & iphi = 1-64
 - > Isolation grooves white epoxy to optically isolate tiles
 - Wavelength shifting fibers
 Converts scintillation light to photons less likely to be absorbed in subsequent light path



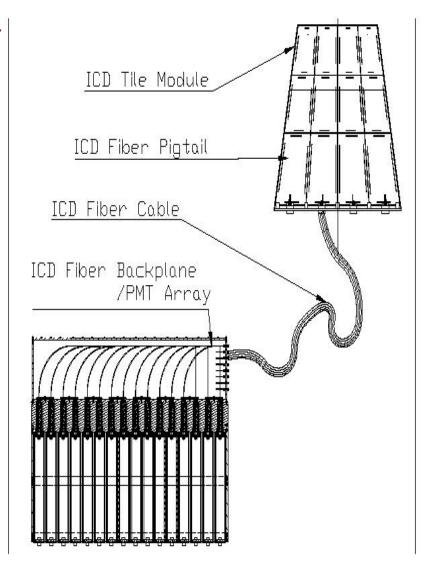
- Tile module arrays enclosed in Aluminum box rubber strip - flexible mounting to soldered pins
 - > Symmetric in phi about beam pipe aligned with FPS
 - Gap for solenoid chimney 15 full and one half-tile on ECS





Inter-Cryostat Detector

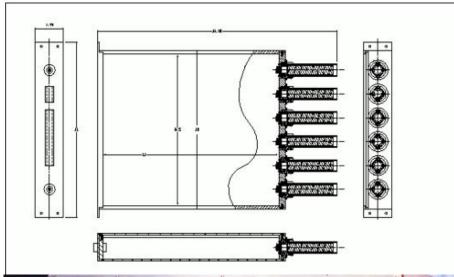
- Clear fiber cables transports
 light from tile to fiber backplane
 - > 5m length diamond polished ends
 - > sheathed rigid bundles of 9 fibers
- •4 ICD crates: NE,NW,SE & SW Quadrants
 - ➢Iron blocks w/96 PMT "holes"
 - > fiber backplane distributes light signals from fiber ribbon cables originating from tiles to the photomultiplier tubes
 - > three 1.1 mm fibers & one LED fiber routed through "cookie" which fixes end of fibers in correct location w.r.t photocathode of PMT







Electronics Drawer





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Designed, Built & Tested at Louisiana Tech

- 378 Hamamatsu R647
 photomultiplier tubes housed in mumetal shields → protect from 100-300 Gauss fringe fields
 - > ICD design: 10 pe yield at cathode & 200k electrons at anode
- High voltage divider chain achieves lower gain than PMT spec & extends the PMT longevity
- 64 readout electronics drawers of modular design - 6 channels/drawer
- Motherboard, preamps, HV bases,
 LV & HV inputs, spring-loaded
 sockets



South Endcap Face (May 2000)







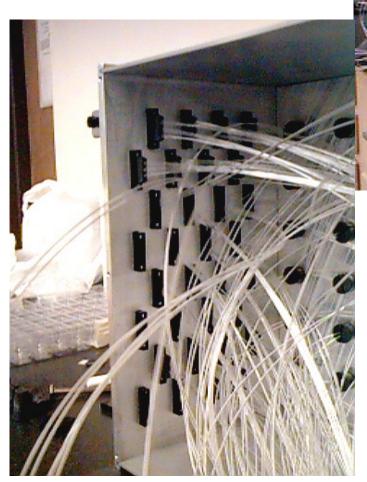








Fiber Backplane







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20-509

P05-01

PO1-04

P28-04

P28-01

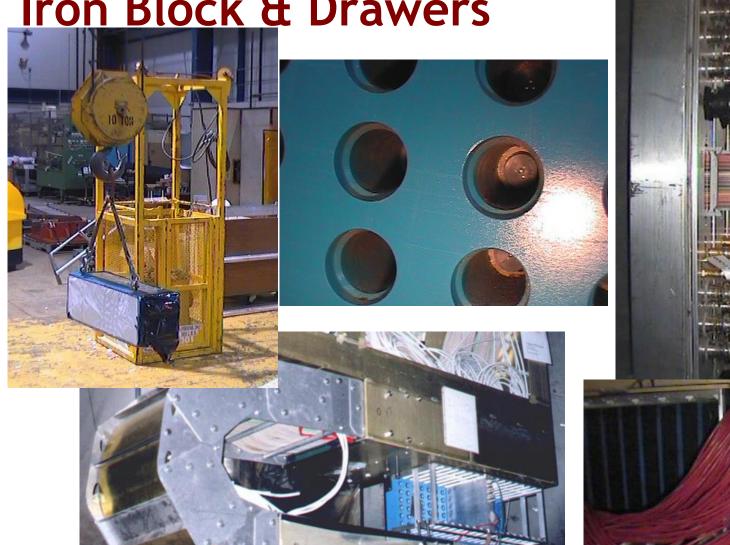
P23 04

P22-01

P23-01

P16-04

Iron Block & Drawers







Alan L. Stone **Louisiana Tech University**



High & Low Voltage



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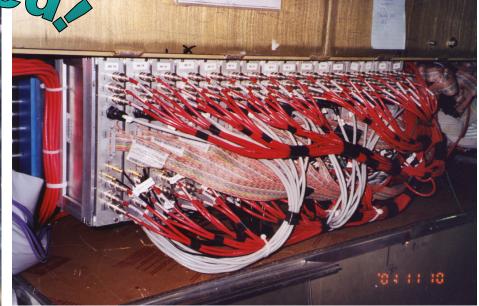


Four ICD Crates









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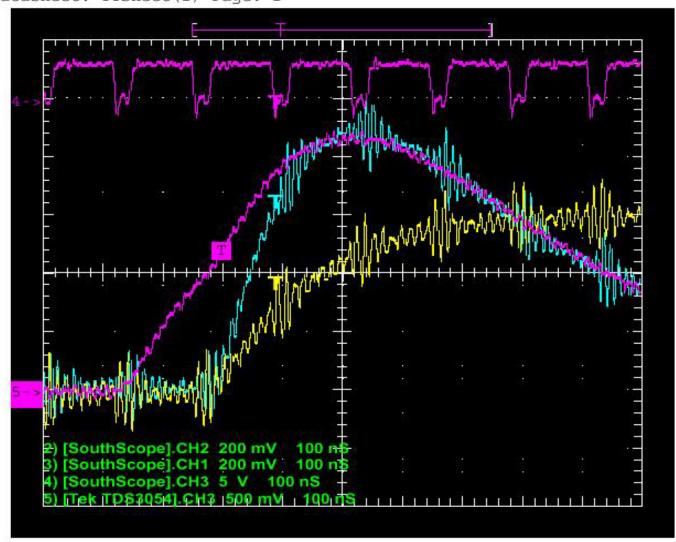


ICD Status Review

- Timing with Respect to the Calorimeter
- ADC to GeV Conversion
- LED Pulser & Calibration
- Monte Carlo Representation
- High Voltage System
- Documentation
- Shift Work
- Maintenance & Repair

ICD-CAL Preamp/BLS Signal Shape

Datasheet: YTSheet(1) Page: 1



Yellow: ICD preamp signal (integrated charge).

Blue: "shaped" ICD signal from BLS.

Purple: "shaped" calorimeter signal from BLS.

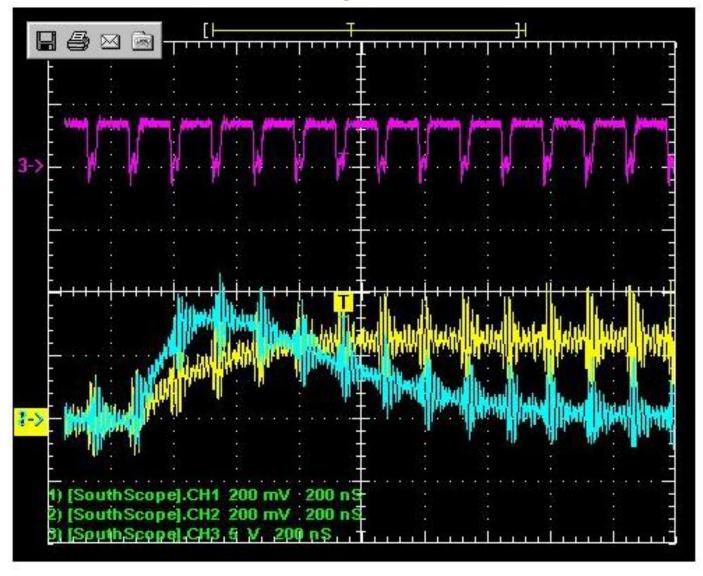
Tick marks (132ns) from Tevatron.

Note: These are preamp pulser signals (not beam).





ICD Beam Signal



ICD signal is faster than CAL signal (fiber optics). But, both signals are sampled by the BLS system at the same time. As the **ICD** signal arrives early, it is sampled on the falling edge, beyond the peak value. However, the plateau is fairly "flat" and wide, ~ 200 ns.

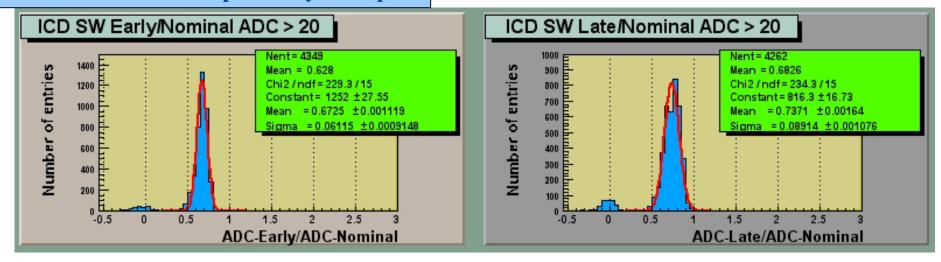




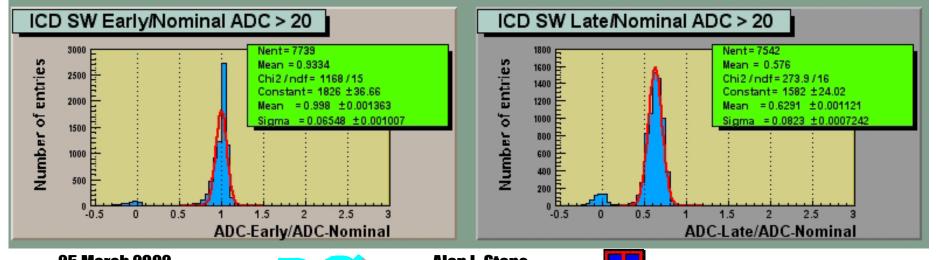
ICD Timing Studies

Field Programmable Gate Array: firmware for calorimeter ADCs – modify timing

FPGA v17: ICD is sampled very near peak



FPGA v18: ICD is about 1 tick (132 ns) early – sampled on falling edge



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Timing Effects

- ICD readout with respect to the Calorimeter
 - > Cannot move Calorimeter timing for benefit of the ICD readout (<400 vs >55,000 channels)
- ICD signal arrives about 132 ns early to BLS
 - > Signal is sampled towards falling edge
 - o But less than 10% effect
- Decision
 - > Add 60-90 feet to EACH signal cable
 - o Required snipping & reconnectorizing (very risky!)
 - o then burying excess cable (very tight spaces!)

<u>OR</u>

➤ Absorb into energy scale/weight/calibration ✓





ADC to GeV Conversion

 Specific energy loss (dE/dx) in the Bicron BC-400 scintillator (PVT)

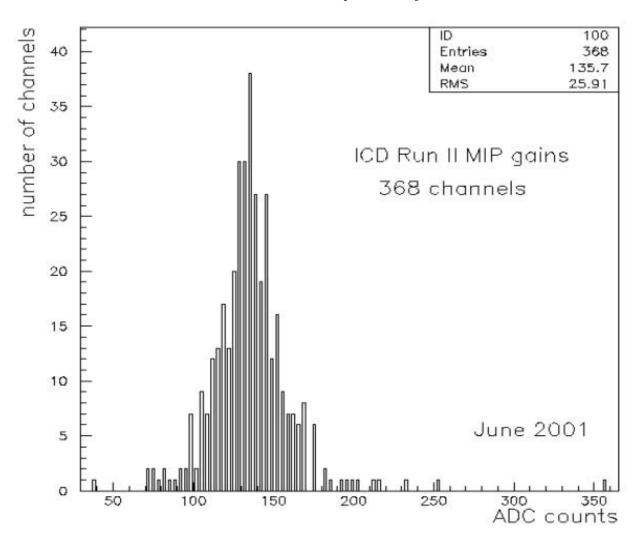
 $dE/dx_{min} = 1.956(g/cm^2) \times 1.032 g/cm^3 = 2.02 MeV/cm$

- Mean MIP peak in test stand ADC counts for 368 channels was 135.7 (aim was 140!)
- Relative gain factor between calorimeter preamps (used on the test stand) and the ICD preamps was 3.8.
- Extra amplication of 8.7 used to boost signal on test stand
- Factor of 10 between least count of test stand ADCs & the calorimeter ADCs. Least count for test stand (calorimeter) ADC is 1 (0.1) mV.



ICD tiles - test stand results

compiled by Mark Sosebee



Characterization of scintillator tiles, fiber cables and PMTs. We assumed uniform electronics. to push the signal significantly above pedestal, we used calorimeter preamps throughout testing.





ADC to GeV Conversion

• The cosine factor accounts for angle from normal to an ICD tile relative to a straight line drawn from the IP through the center of a tile. There are three numbers, one for each ieta bin spanned by the ICD:

| <u>ieta</u> | cosine factor |
|-------------|---------------|
| 12 | 0.592 |
| 13 | 0.633 |
| 14 | 0.671 |

Caution: Sampling fractions also contain this angular correction.

 Thickness of all ICD tiles are 0.5 in (about 1.27 cm).





ADC to GeV Conversion

 Average MIP peak position in calorimeter ADC counts is given by:

```
(135.7 \times 10) / (3.8 \times 8.7) = 41.0  counts
```

- Energy deposition in an ICD tile is given by:
 (Cal. ADC count / 41.0) × (2.02 MeV/cm × 1.27 cm)
- The result: (Cal. ADC count × 0.06257) [MeV]

= (Cal. ADC count / 15982) [GeV]





Basics of the ICD LED Pulser

- Scintillator LED Pulser (SLP) borrowed from the Muon calibration system
 - > ICD shares VME board with FPD sits in MCH308
 - > Accepts external NIM test pulse trigger
 - > VME controlled channel enable, trigger, amplitude and delay
 - o Steve Doulas (Northeastern) provided docs & expertise!
 - o Excellent GUI created by Marc Hohlfeld (Univ. Mainz Germany)
 - > DC offset resistively coupled to a TTL signal pulse
 - o TTL pulse triggers a transistor which discharges a capacitor into a group of four LEDs
 - o DC offset provides the bias voltage for these LEDs
 - > Pin Diode readout pending
 - o FPD group waiting on AFE boards





Purpose of LED

- Initially: Is it alive?
 - > Test: Electronics, cables, LV, HV, signal, BLS
- Long term monitoring of PMT response
 - ➤ The photomultiplier tubes for the Run II ICD subdetector were *recycled* from the Run I ICD boxes
 - Each channel was individually tuned in order to achieve a mean MIP peak on the cosmic ray test stand
 Only lever arm is the high voltage setting
 - > Over a dozen PMTs have already been replaced
 - o About a dozen channels have failed or dropped significantly in gain since the end of the Oct-Nov 2001 shutdown
 - Establish a real world baseline for the full ICD from scintillator tile to the BLS card
 - o Determine correction for channel to channel variation

Taking LED Pulser Runs

- > setup d0online
- > cd /home/d0icd/vme
- > ./lmb_int.py &



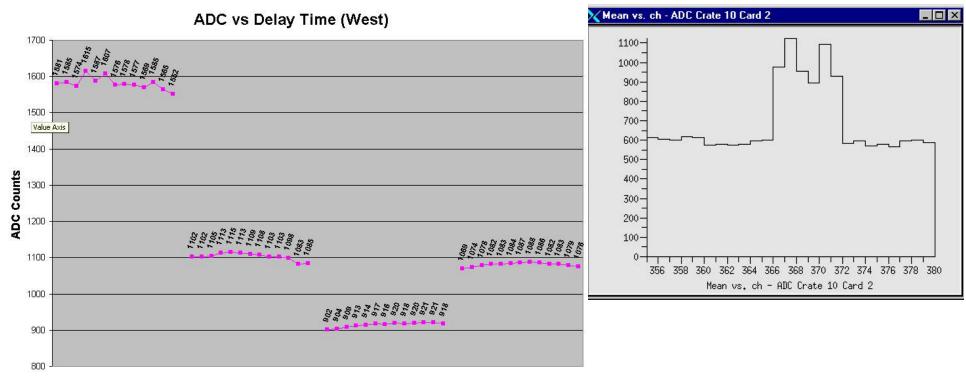
- > Part of the Calorimeter Shifters' Guide & Instructions
- ➤ Voltage is adjustable up to 10.0 Volts in increments of 0.2 V
- > Delay is adjustable from 0 to 170 ns in increments of 2 ns
- > Optimization: Settings (delay/DC offset), Procedure, Schedule

LED Pulser Studies

Scan delay times for fixed DC offset (8.6V)

o 10-130 ns: optimization about 60-80 ns delay

 Single channel from four Calorimeter readout crates which contains ICD (West)

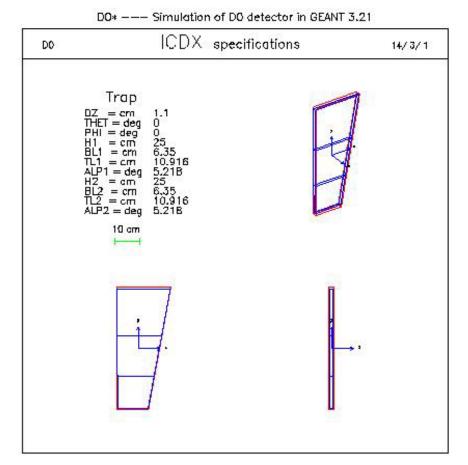


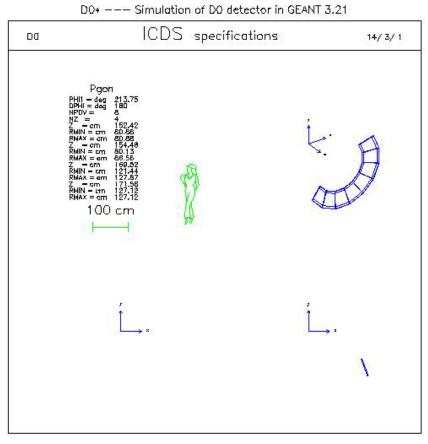




ICD Monte Carlo Representation

- Trapezoidal shapes three eta segments
- •Ring of 16 trapezoids form truncated hollow cone

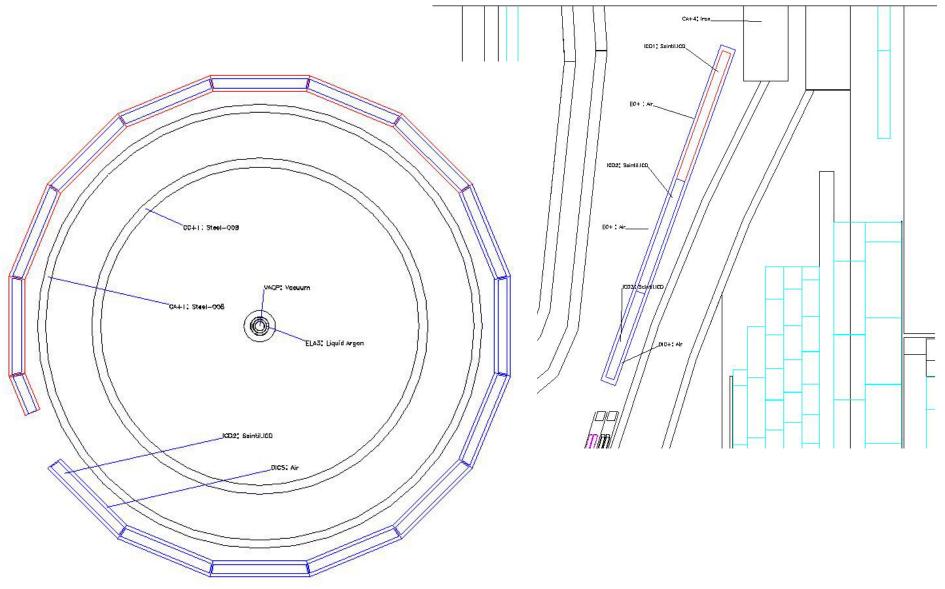








x-y & x-z View of ICD







ICD High Voltage System

•High Voltage modules in moveable counting house

- > 800 Volts, 900 μAmps
- 128 SHV patch cableso Stone, Sawyer, Williams

•Reuse Run I Reynolds cables

Locate & reroute through cable winders & MCH

o "hands & knees" effort

■1:3 HV fanout boxes

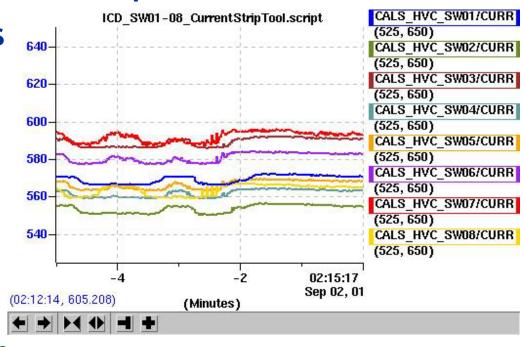
(space & money constraint)

- >Set screws & test points for each output channel
- ➤ Each channel (of 378) tuned to ±1 Volt of characterization

•HV Monitor GUI (next slide)

➤ Voltage & current readback
○ Limits & alarms

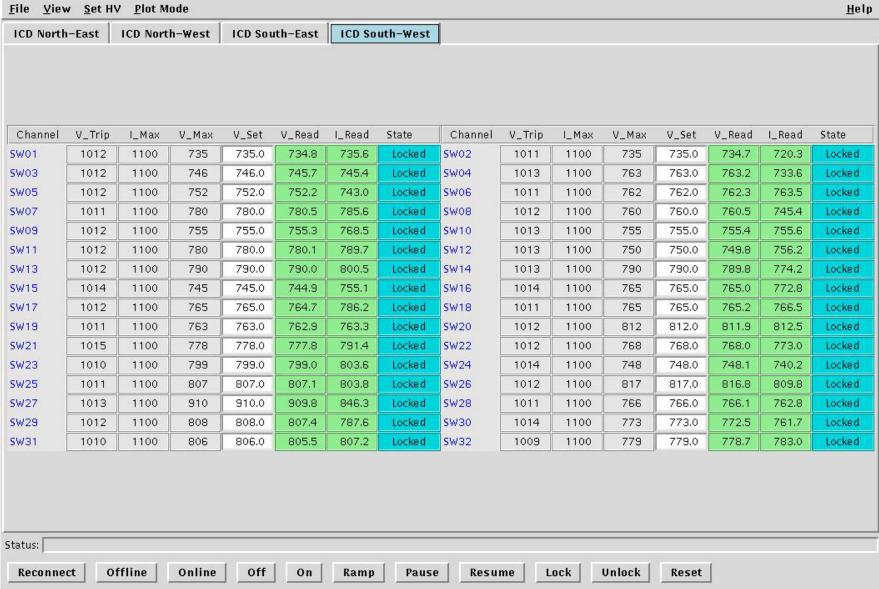
StripTools







ICD HV Monitoring GUI



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ICD Documentation

- Web based format for easy access on-site or remotely
 - html, jpg/gif & pdf
- Complete mapping of ICD hardware from scintillator tile to calorimeter ADC channel
 - >Tested readout with pulsers, cosmics & radiation source
 - o Also on oscilloscope in detector hall

- •Detailed instructions for control room shifters (Move to non-expert mode)
 - ➤ High & Low Voltage oStrip Tools for inst. Monitoring
 - ▶Preamp & LED Pulsers
 - **≻Checklists**
- Histogram & hbook index
 - >Archive commissioning
 - ➤ Reference plots
- Online logbook
 - ➤ Archive all control room activity (good or bad)





Shift Work

- Pre-March 2001
 - > DØ Commissioning
 - o grunt work (cabling)
 - o software, Monte Carlo
 - > ICD preparation
 - o cosmic ray test stand
 - o built & tested components at Latech
 - o cabling (signal, LV, HV, LED)



Post-March 2001 (the real work)

- > Full ICD Hardware & Electronics Installation
 - o Stage 1: April-May 2001 → Stage 2: Oct-Nov 2001
- > ICD Commissioning & Integration into Calorimeter System
- > Control Room Shifts: Calorimeter, DAQ, DOC

oLouisiana Tech: 100+ CR shifts since March 2001

✓ In 2001: 11% of Calorimeter total & 4% of DAQ total





Repair & Maintenance



- Spare Parts at DØ
 - > 6 complete electronics drawers
 - > LV & SHV cables
 - > Preamps & HV bases
- Tools, oscilloscope, laptop
- Planned detector accesses in late May & month of August
 - Detector must be open in order to repair ICD channels
- New PMTs on order
 - > old PMTs main source of channel failure

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Summary

Done

To Do

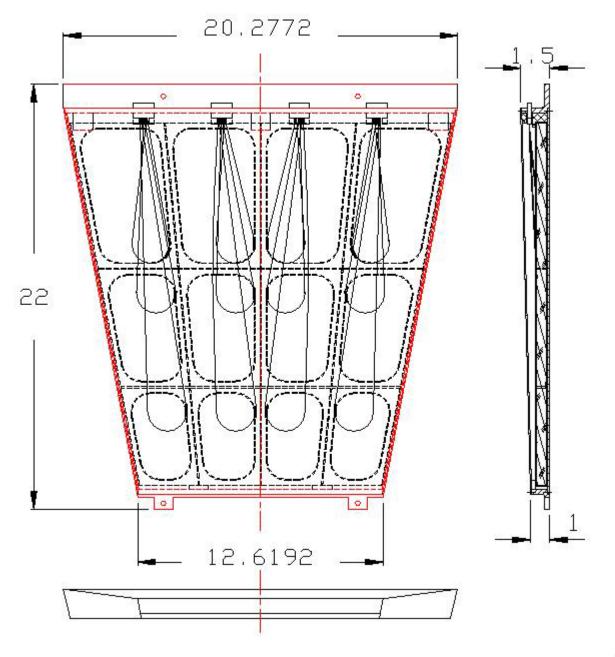
- Fully instrumented & part of global data taking since Nov 2001
 - ➤ Being used in MET and Jet Energy Scale studies!
- Integrated into CAL Readout & Shift Guide
- Stable HV system
- Spare electronics & cables in stock
- Working LED calibration system

- Provide support for repair & maintenance during detector shutdowns
 - >Aug 2002 (five weeks)
- 4 DØ Notes in pipeline
- Fine-tune energy scale & weights
- Improve MC geometry & material representation
- Control room shifts







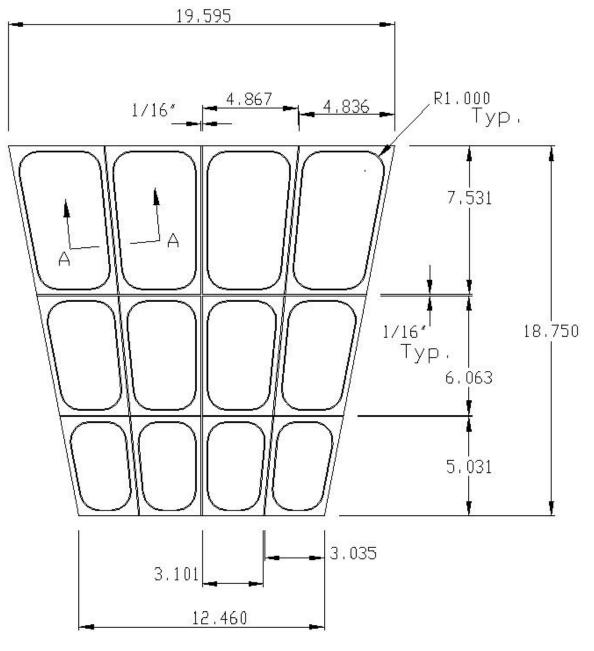


Mechanical drawing of the ICD tile module with wavelength shifting fibers.

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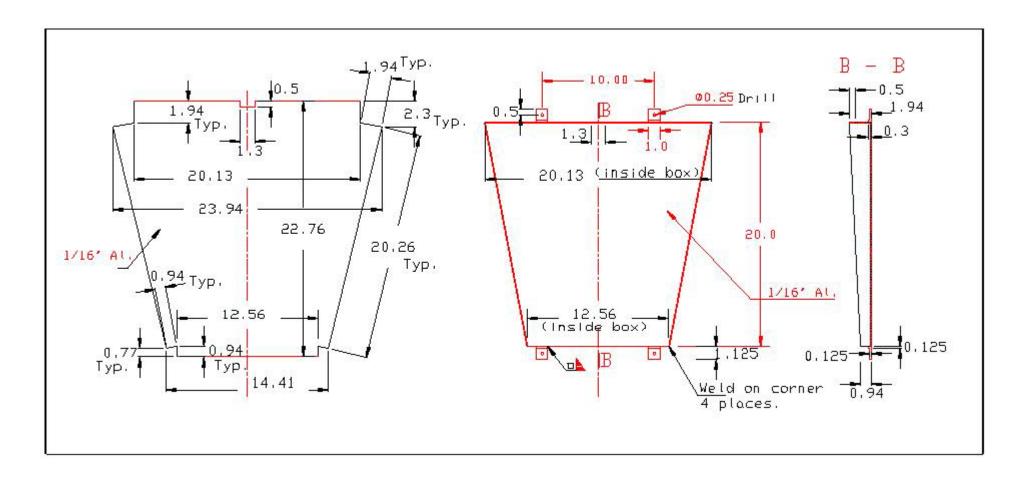


Mechanical drawing of the ICD scintillator tile.

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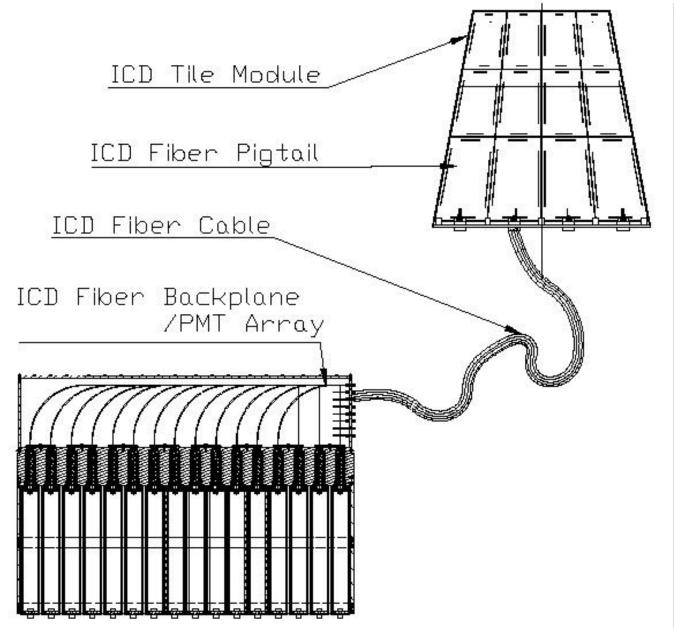


Mechanical drawing of the aluminum box which contains the ICD scintillator.







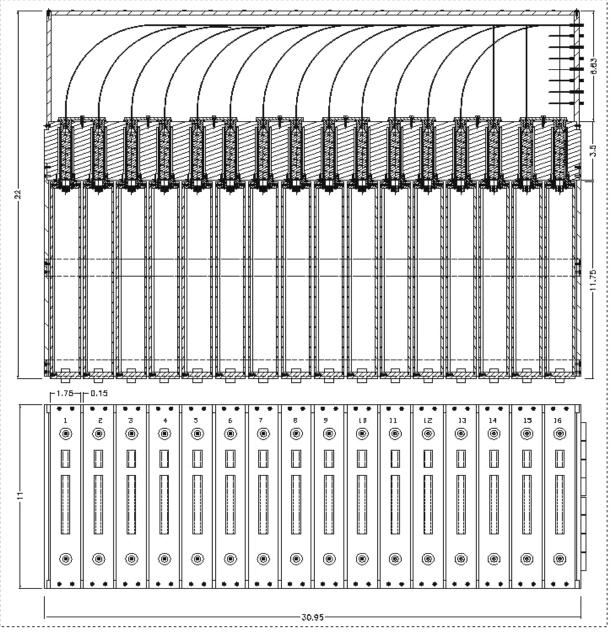


Drawing (not-to-scale) relating ICD tile module to ICD crate and backplane.

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ICD Crate
Schematic: Fiber
backplane, iron
block with PMT
socket holes &
drawer rails (top
view); electronics
drawers (front
view)

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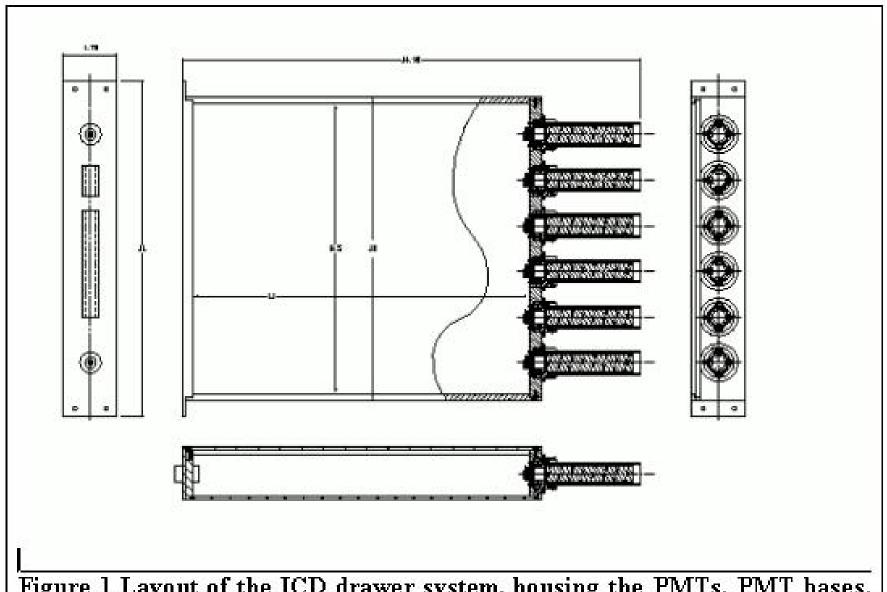
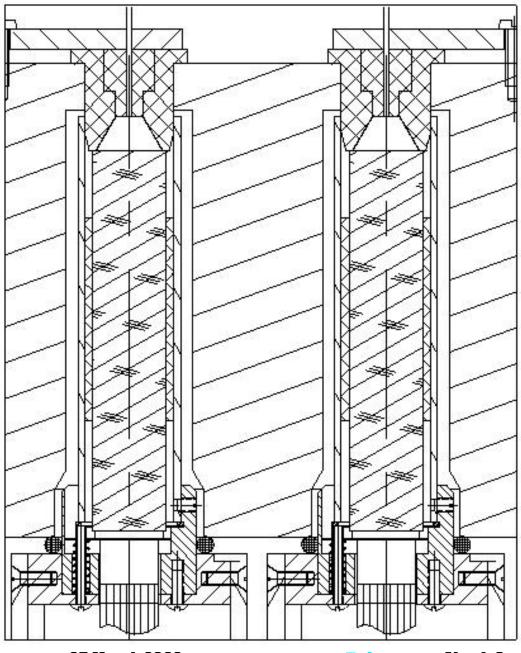


Figure 1 Layout of the ICD drawer system, housing the PMTs, PMT bases, preamplifiers, and associated electronics for the ICD readout.







ICD Photomultiplier housing inside iron block. At the base of each "hole" is a rubber stopper or cookie which mates with the PMT, spring-mounted to the electronics drawer.

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|| || ||

 $All\,ICD\,Run\,II\,channels\,are\,in; Layer\,9, Tower\,2, Depth\,6-11\,and\,ADC\,Channels\,174-179\,or\,366-371.$

BLS Card 3 (ADC 1,4,7,10) or BLS Card 7 (ADC 2,5,8,11).

Preamp Box: NW = 12, NE = 13, SW = 14, SE = 15. Preamp Boards = 1-16, Preamp Tower = 0, Preamp Depth = 0-5.

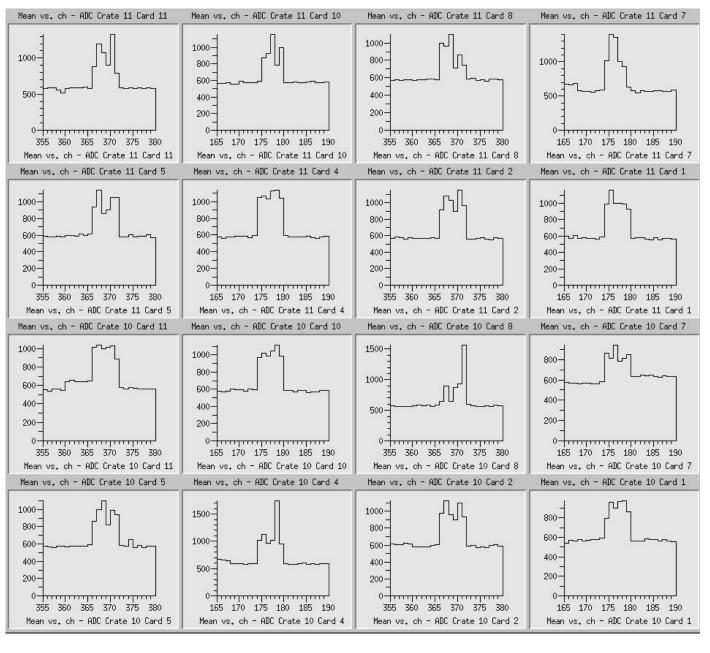
LMB Channel 1 = NW, Channel 2 = NE, Channel 3 = SW, Channel 4 = SE.

| Ieta | Phi (1-64) | Sector (0-31) | Crate (0-11) | | Drawer Ch. (1-6) | Slot | Pulser (0-63) | Tile | Fiber | PMT | HV | Pod | HV Ch. | Gain |
|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| -14 -13 -12 -14 -13 -12 | 2 2 2 1 1 | 24 24 24 24 24 24 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 2 3 4 5 | NE9 NE9 NE9 NE9 NE9 | 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 | PRD06 PRD06 PRD06 PRD06 PRD06 PRD06 | P06-01 P06-01 P06-01 P06-02 P06-02 P06-02 | 5085 5348 8006 5077 5225 9148 | 800 765 800 807 785 (750) | NE17 NE17 NE17 NE18 NE18 NE18 | 49 50 51 52 53 54 | 176 140 91 136 142 unk |
| -14 -13 -12 -14 -13 -12 | 4 4 4 3 3 3 | 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 1 2 3 4 5 | NE10 NE10 NE10 NE10 NE10 NE10 | 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 | PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 | P07-03 P07-03 P07-03 P07-04 P07-04 P07-04 | 8007 8253 5108 7578 2043 7107 | 800 789 753 759 729 714 | NE19 NE19 NE19 NE20 NE20 NE20 | 55 56 57 58 59 60 | zero 158 139 143 147 |
| -14 -13 -12 -14 -13 -12 | 6 6 6 5 5 | 26 26 26 26 26 26 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 4 4 4 4 4 | 1 2 3 4 5 | NE11 NE11 NE11 NE11 NE11 | 21 21 21 21 21 21 | PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 PRD07 | P07-01 P07-01 P07-01 P07-02 P07-02 P07-02 | 7577 4280 4574 3127 6421 8011 | 761 791 773 795 812 786 | NE21 NE21 NE21 NE22 NE22 NE22 | 61 62 63 64 65 66 | 133 152 120 146 137 136 |
| -14 -13 -12 -14 -13 -12 | 8 8 8 7 7 7 | 27 27 27 27 27 27 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | NE12 NE12 NE12 NE12 NE12 NE12 | 20 20 20 20 20 20 | PRD14 PRD14 PRD14 PRD14 PRD14 PRD14 | P14-03 P14-03 P14-03 P14-04 P14-04 P14-04 | 8274 4740 7467 7573 7981 5273 | 751 751 737 734 791 751 | NE23 NE23 NE23 NE24 NE24 NE24 | 67 68 69 70 71 72 | 138 124 117 140 152 127 |
| d . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Calorimeter
Electronics
application:
cal_elec shows
ADC counts
versus ADC
channel.

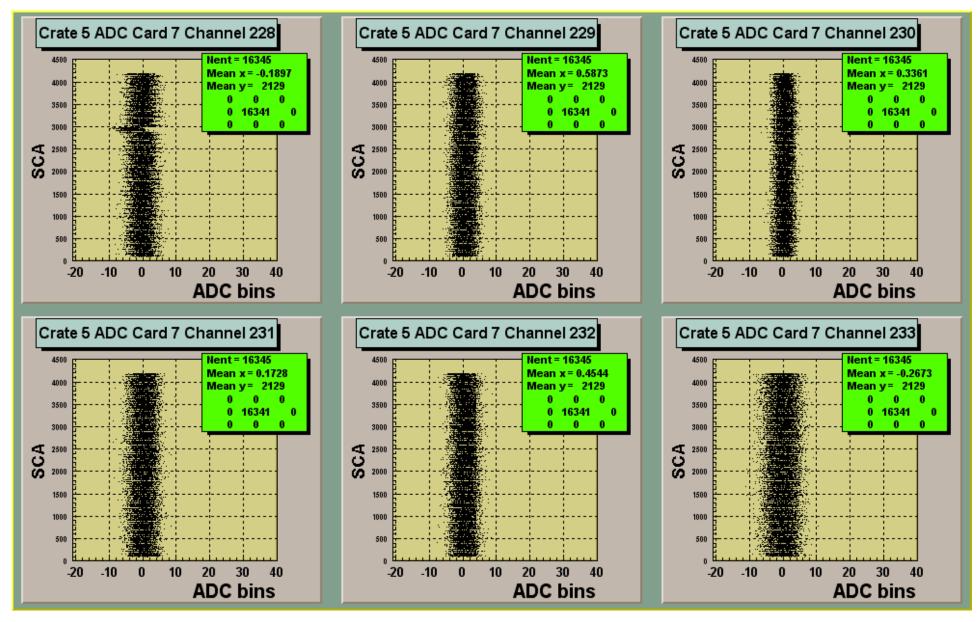
ICD channels for all the NE crate are shown.

LED pulser data from 5 Feb 2002.

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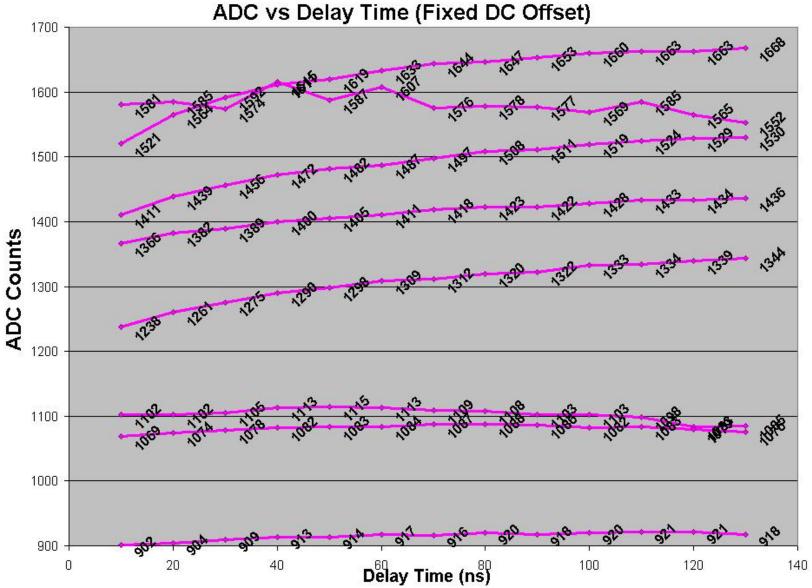




L2 SCA error







LED Pulser data: 5 March 2002. Single channel from each of the 8 Calorimeter readout crates (which contains ICD).



year view month view



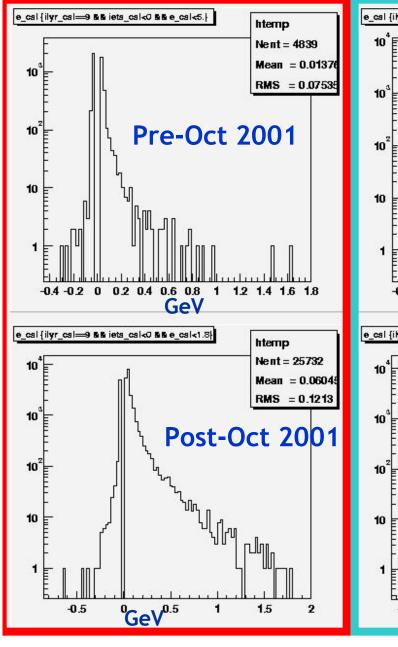
week view day view

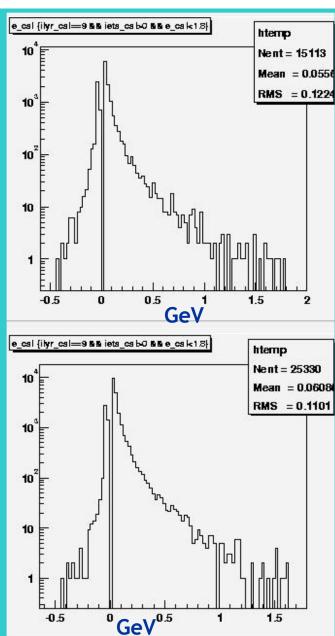
| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Shouhua Fu 16:oo Ted Eltzroth | oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Shouhua Fu 16:oo Ted Eltzroth | oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Pierre Petroff 16:oo Bob McCarthy | oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Shoahua Fu 16:oo Bob McCarthy | oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Shoahua Fu 16:oo Bob McCarthy | oo:oo Mingcheng Gao o8:oo Shoahua Fu 16:oo Bob McCarthy | 00:00 Pavel Demine 08:00 Laurent Duflot 16:00 Pierre Petroff |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 00:00 Rama Calaga 08:00 Laurent Duflot 16:00 Nirmalya Parua | oo:oo Pierre Petroff o8:oo Laurent Duflot 16:oo Nirmalya Parua | oo:oo Pierre Petroff o8:oo Shoahua Fu 16:oo Nirmalya Parua | oo:oo Laurent Duflot o8:oo Stephanie Beauceron 16:oo Nirmalya Parua | oo:oo Laurent Duflot o8:oo Stephanie Beauceron 16:oo Nirmalya Parua | 00:00 Laurent Duflot 08:00 Stephanie Beauceron 16:00 Nirmalya Parua | 00:00 Pavel Demine 08:00 Stephanie Beauceron 16:00 Bawo Daibo |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 00:00 Marc Hohlfeld 08:00 Stephanie Beauceron 16:00 Bawo Daibo | 00:00 Pierre Petroff 08:00 Bob McCarthy 16:00 Bawo Daibo | oo:oo Stephanie Beauceron o8:oo Bob McCarthy 16:oo Bawo Daibo | oo:oo Stephanie Beauceron o8:oo Bob McCarthy 16:oo Alan Stone | oo:oo Stephanie Beauceron o8:oo Bob McCarthy 16:00 Alan Stone | oo:oo Stephanie Beauceron o8:oo Pierre Petroff 16:00 Alan Stone | 00:00 Reiner Hauser 16:00 Alan Stone |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 00:00 Reiner Hauser 08:00 Pavel Demine 16:00 Alan Stone | 00:00 Rama Calaga 08:00 Gerard Sajot 16:00 Alan Stone | 00:00 Rama Calaga 08:00 Gerard Sajot 16:00 Pierre Petroff | 00:00 Alan Stone 08:00 Gerard Sajot 16:00 Sabine Crepe- Renaudin | oo:oo Alan Stone o8:oo Gerard Sajot 16:oo Sabine Crepe- Renaudin | oo:oo Alan Stone o8:oo Lee Sawyer 16:oo Sabine Crepe- Renaudin | 00:00 Alan Stone 08:00 Lee Sawyer 16:00 Pavel Demine |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | | | | |
| 00:00 Reiner Hauser 08:00 Dick Greenwood 16:00 Lee Sawyer | 00:00 Pierre Petroff 08:00 Dick Greenwood 16:00 Lee Sawyer | oo:oo Gregorio Bernardi o8:oo Dick Greenwood 16:oo Mike Tuts | | | | |

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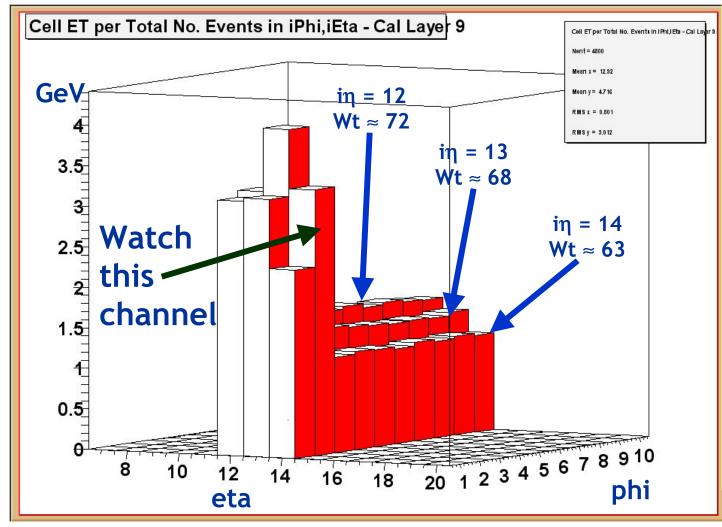
Comparison of pre-Oct 2001 data and post-Nov 2001 data. The north part of the ICD $(\eta < 0)$ was barely instrumented prior to Oct 2001. The left plots (top & bottom) show the change in the average event energy in the north **ICD** channels pre/post shutdown. The right plots are of the south ICD, which had been fully instrumented by end-May 2001.

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Alan L. Stone Louisiana Tech University





HV turned off on all but 6 ICD channels. The LED Pulser is turned on at 8.6 V, 100 ns delay. The signal is unsuppressed, so one can see the average pedestal, which is about constant for a fixed eta, and increases as eta decreases.

Decrease the HV on only one channel by 50 V to test caladdress mapping & ADC/GeV conversion.

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